



Year 6 – Autumn 2 – Religious Education – Pupil Knowledge Organiser

WHAT DO I ALREADY KNOW?			WHAT AM I LEARNING NOW?		
- Christianity, Islam and Judaism all have roots with Abraham. - To believe means to trust in and follow the teachings of a higher power, even if you can't see or understand everything. - People know right from wrong by listening to their community, learning from their religion or teachings, and thinking about how their actions affect others.			- What makes a person Jewish? - Why is Abraham important to Jews? - Why did Moses leave Egypt? - Why did Moses return to Egypt? - Why did pharaoh let the Hebrews go? - What are the 10 Commandments?		
SIGNIFICANT PEOPLE		KEY KNOWLEDGE: WHAT DOES IT MEAN TO BE JEWISH?		KEY VOCABULARY	
Abraham  - Known as the father of the Jewish people. - Made a special promise (covenant) with God. - Trusted God, even when asked to make difficult choices.		 A person can be Jewish if their mother is Jewish or if they convert.  God promised Abraham that his descendants would become a great nation if they followed his teachings.  Abraham's willingness to sacrifice Isaac showed his faith and obedience for God.  Moses' mother gave him up to save him from Pharaoh's order to kill baby boys.		Moses killed an Egyptian who was hurting a Hebrew slave.  Moses saw a burning bush where God told him to lead the Hebrews out of slavery.  God sent ten plagues to Egypt to persuade the Pharaoh to release the Hebrews. God gave Moses the 10 Commandments on Mount Sinai.	Judaism An Abrahamic religion. Jew A person who believes in Judaism or whose family comes from Jewish traditions. promise Saying you will do something or that something will happen. covenant A special, important promise or agreement, often between God and people. sacrifice Giving up something important, as a way to show faith. Passover A Jewish festival that remembers how the Hebrews were freed from being slaves in Egypt. commandments Rules or instructions given by God to help people live good lives. Sabbath/Shabbat A day of rest and worship. In Judaism, it is called Shabbat and happens on Saturday. legacy/heritage Traditions, stories, or beliefs passed down from parents, grandparents, or older generations.
RELIGIOUS SOURCES OF WISDOM					
The Torah  - Refers to the first five books of the Hebrew Bible. - These are the core teachings and laws of Judaism.					
BELIEVING	THINKING	LIVING			
 Does true faith always require great sacrifices?	 How do we decide which moral rules are the most important?	 How does remembering past struggles help us today?			